

Seat No.	01163
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**M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) (CBCS) (New) Examination,
November - 2019**

**STATISTICS/APPLIED STATISTICS AND INFORMATICS
(Paper - III)**

Distribution Theory

Sub. Code : 74909/74976

Day and Date : Wednesday, 27 - 11 - 2019

Total Marks : 80

Time : 11.00 a.m. to 02.00 p.m.

Instructions : 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.

2) Attempt any four questions from question numbers 2 to 7.

3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q1) Answer the following :

[8 × 2 = 16]

- Define mixture of distributions.
- Give an algorithm for generating random numbers from mixture of two distributions.
- Let $F(x)$ be a cdf. Verify whether $(F(x))^\alpha, \alpha > 0$ is a cdf or not.
- Define mixed moments. How are they computed?
- Define conditional expectation and conditional variance.
- Establish :

$$E(X) = E_Y E_X(X|Y).$$
- Let $X \sim \text{Exp}(\theta_1)$ and $Y \sim \text{Exp}(\theta_2)$ and are independent. Obtain pdf of $M = \max(X, Y)$.
- Define scale parameter. Give an example.

- Q2)** a) Let X be a random variable having symmetric distribution, symmetric about θ . Show that $E(X) = \theta$ & Median (X) = θ . [8]
 b) State and prove Jensen's and Markov inequalities. Give their applications. [8]

- Q3)** a) Describe Non-central t-distribution. Give its applications. [8]
 b) Decompose the following cdf $F_X(x)$ into discrete and continuous components. [8]

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & ; x < 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} + \frac{x}{4} & ; 0 \leq x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{4} & ; 1 \leq x < 2 \\ 1 & ; x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

Hence, compute $E(X)$, $V(X)$ and MGF of X .

- Q4)** a) Let $X \sim V(-2,3)$. Let $Y = X^+ = \begin{cases} X & , \text{if } X \geq 0 \\ 0 & , \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$

$$\text{and } Z = X^- = \begin{cases} -X & , \text{if } X \leq 0 \\ 0 & , \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

Find cdf of Y and Z .

- b) Suppose a projectile is fixed at an angle θ above the earth with a velocity v assuming that θ is a random variable with pdf [8]

$$f(\theta) = \begin{cases} \frac{12}{\pi}, \frac{\pi}{6} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{4} \\ 0, \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

find the pdf of range R of projectile defined of $R = \frac{v^2 \sin z \theta}{g}$, Where
 g = gravitational constant.

[8]

- Q5) a)** Define a bivariate distribution function. State its properties. Verify whether following bivariate function F defines a bivariate distribution function or not. [8]

$$F(x,y) = \begin{cases} 0 & ; \quad x < 0 \text{ or } x + y < 1 \text{ or } y < 0 \\ 1 & ; \quad \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

- b)** A fair coin is tossed 3 times. Let x = number of heads in 3 tosses and y = absolute difference between number of heads & tails. Find joint and marginal distribution of X and Y . [8]

- Q6) a)** Let a random variable x has pdf.

[8]

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\theta_2 + \theta_1} & ; \quad -\theta_1 < x < \theta_2, \theta_2 > -\theta_1 \\ 0 & ; \quad \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

Find distribution of $y = 1 |x|$.

- b)** Let $X \sim \text{Exp}(\theta)$, θ = rate, Find distribution of $y = [x]$, where $[x]$ denotes largest integer not larger than X . Compute $E(y)$ and $V(y)$. [8]

- Q7)** Write short notes on the following :

[4 × 4 = 16]

- a) Fisher-Cochran theorem and its applications.
- b) Probability Integral transform and its applications.
- c) Marshall-Olkin bivariate exponential distribution.
- d) Compound distributions.

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M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, October - 2015
APPLIED STATISTICS AND INFORMATICS (Paper - III)

Probability Distributions (CBCS)

12 NOV 2015 Sub. Code: 61057

Day and Date : Saturday, 31-10-2015

Total Marks : 80

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.

- Instructions :**
- 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - 2) Attempt any four questions from question No. 2 to 7.
 - 3) Figures to right indicate marks to the questions.

Q1) Solve the following sub-questions : [16 × 1 = 16]

-
- a) State Jensen's inequality.
- b) Obtain m.g.f. of negative binomial distribution.
- c) Define Symmetric family of distributions.
- d) Give an example of a non-regular family of distribution.
- e) Define bivariate poisson distribution.
- f) Define mixture of two distribution functions.
- g) Define DFR class of distribution with illustration.
- h) Prove or disprove : If $X \sim B(n, p)$ then $2X$ has Binomial $(2n, p)$ distribution.
- i) State the distribution of r^{th} order statistics from an exponential distribution.
- j) Find m.g.f. of negative binomial distribution.
- k) Examine whether the following function is p.d.f. or not.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

P.T.O.

B - 814

- l) If $F(X)$ is a distribution function of a r.v. X , then prove that $[F(X)]^n$ is also a distribution function.
- m) Define quantile of a r.v. X .
- n) State properties of distribution function.
- o) Let $X \sim U(0, 1)$. Obtain distribution of $Y = -\log X$.
- p) Define Dirichlet distribution.

- Q2)* a) Describe the decomposition of a distribution function into discrete and continuous parts. [8]
- b) Define bivariate Normal distribution. Find marginal p.d.f's of X and Y . When $(X, Y) \sim BN(\mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$. [8]

- Q3)* a) Obtain joint distribution of r^{th} and s^{th} order statistics. [8]
- b) Let $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{y} e^{-y}$, $0 < x < y < \infty$. Find $E(X^r | Y=y)$ where $r > 0$, is an integer. [8]

- Q4)* a) State and prove Chebychev's inequality. Verify the same when $X \sim \exp(1)$. [8]
- b) Decompose the following distribution function into discrete and continuous components. Obtain m.g.f. and hence find mean and

$$\text{variance } F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & , x < 0 \\ 1 - \frac{e^{-x}}{2} & , x \geq 0 \end{cases} \quad [8]$$

- Q5)* a) Define convolution of two random variables. Let X and Y are exponential variates with parameter '1'. Obtain distribution of $X + Y$. [8]

- b) Let $f(x, y) = \frac{3x+y}{4} e^{-x-y}$; $x > 0, y > 0$. Find correlation coefficient of (X, Y) . [8]

B - 814

- Q6) a) Obtain m.g.f. of bivariate poisson distribution.
b) Let X and Y are i.i.d. $U(0,1)$. Obtain distribution of $\min(X,Y)$.
c) Let $X \sim \exp(\lambda)$, $\lambda > 0$. Obtain the distribution function of $Y = \frac{1}{X}$.

[6+6+4]

- Q7) Write short notes : [4 × 4 = 16]

- a) Holders inequality.
- b) Markov inequality.
- c) Location and scale family.
- d) Order statistics.



Seat
No.

M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, Nov. - 2013

APPLIED STATISTICS AND INFORMATICS (Paper - III)

Probability distributions

Sub. Code : 61057

Day and Date : Saturday, 16 - 11 - 2013

Total Marks : 80

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.

- Instructions : 1) Question no. 1 is compulsory.
 2) Attempt any four questions from question no 2 to 7.
 3) Figures to right indicate marks to the questions.

Q1) Solve the following sub questions :

a) Define a distribution function.

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{x+1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

b) Show that $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ \frac{x+1}{2} & 0 \leq x < 1, \text{ is a cdf.} \\ 1 & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x+1}{2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{2}$$

c) Obtain $E(x)$ where x has cdf as given in (b) above.

d) Define probability generating function (pgf).

e) Obtain pgf for a poisson distribution.

f) Define Dirichilet distribution.

g) State the distribution of r^{th} order statistics from an exponential distribution.

h) Define a symmetric distribution.

i) Give one example of a symmetric distribution.

j) Obtain mgf of a Gamma(a, b) random variable.

k) Let $P[X=x, Y=y] = \frac{1}{2} |x-y|$, $x, y = 0, 1$. Obtain marginal distributions of X and Y .

 $X \setminus Y$

0

1

0

1

2

X

0

1

Y

0

1

P.T.O.

 $P(Y=y)$ $\frac{1}{2}$

- i) Give one example where movement generating function does not exists.
- m) If $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$, find the distribution of $y = e^{-x}$.
- p) Let $X \sim U(-1, 1)$. Obtain distribution of $[x]$ where $[x]$ denotes the largest integer less than or equal to x .
- o) Give one example of a non regular family of distributions.
- p) Let $F(x)$ be a distribution function. Examine for what values of α , $F^\alpha(x)$ is a distribution function.

Q2) a) Let X has a distribution symmetric about 0. Then show that $E x^{2r+1} = 0$

$$r = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

b) The p.m.f. of (X, Y) is given by

$$p(x, y) = \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{y! (x-y)!} \quad \begin{matrix} 0 < x < \infty \\ 0 < y < x \end{matrix}$$

$$y = 0, 1, 2, \dots, x,$$

$$x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$0 < p < 1, \lambda > 0.$$

Obtain marginal and conditional distributions of X and Y .

[8 + 8]

Q3) a) Let a function F be defined by

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ \frac{pr + (1-p)x}{k} & \text{if } r \leq x < r+1, r = 0, 1, \dots, k-1 \\ 1 & \text{if } r \geq k \end{cases}$$

Examine whether F is a distribution function

If yes, decompose it in to continuous and discrete components and identify the component distributions.

b) Obtain $E X$ and $V(x)$ if $x \sim F$.

[8 + 8]

CBCS E - 1146

Q4) a) Let $X_{(1)}, X_{(2)}, \dots, X_{(n)}$ be the order statistics from an exponential distribution with parameter θ .

Let $X_{(0)} = 0$. Show that $Y_i = X_{(i)} - X_{(i-1)}$, $i = 1, \dots, n$ are independent random variables.

b) State and prove Markov inequality.

[8+8]

Q5) a) Define a Marshall - Olkin bivariate exponential distribution (BVE). Let $(X, Y) \sim \text{BVE}(\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_{12})$.

i) Obtain $p[X = Y]$.

ii) Describe a shock model giving rise to BVE.

b) Let $x = (x_1, \dots, x_k)'$ be a random variable with multinomial distribution with parameters (n, p_1, \dots, p_k) , $\sum p_i = 1$. Obtain the variance - Covariance matrix Σ of X . Show that the determinant $|\Sigma| = 0$.

[8+8]

Q6) a) Explain the following terms

i) Convolution of distributions

ii) Mixtures of distributions

iii) Location - scale family of distributions

iv) Forgetfulness property

b) Give one example each for the terms in (a) above

c) Let X and Y be independent standard normal variates. Obtain the distribution of $Z = X, Y$.

[6+4+6]

Q7) Write short notes on the following

$[4 \times 4 = 16]$

i) Bivariate poisson distribution

ii) Marginal and conditional distributions

iii) Jacobion of transformation

iv) Relation of distribution function with uniform distribution.

Seat No.	
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M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, March - 2014
APPLIED STATISTICS AND INFORMATICS (Paper - III)
Probability Distributions (New)
Sub. Code : 61057

Day and Date : Saturday, 29 - 03 - 2014 Total Marks : 80

Time : 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

- Instructions:
- 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - 2) Attempt any four questions from Question No.2 to 7.
 - 3) Figures to right indicate marks to the questions.

Q1) Solve the following subquestions [16 × 1]

-
- a) If $X \sim U(-1,2)$ Find pdf of $|X|$.
 - b) Define moment generating function of a random variable.
 - c) Define probability mass function of a r.v. X.
 - d) Examine whether $F(x) = 0$ if $x \leq 0$; $= x$ if $0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}$; $= 1$ if $x > \frac{1}{2}$ is a distribution function.
 - e) Define bivariate normal random variable.
 - f) Define quantile of a r.v. X.
 - g) Obtain α^{th} quantile of Weibull (a,b) distribution.
 - h) Obtain mgf of Bernoulli random variable.
 - i) Obtain pgf of Poisson (λ) distribution.
 - j) Write down mgf of $y = ax+b$ in terms of mgf of X namely $M_x(t)$.
 - k) Find $P[-\infty < X < 2]$ when $X \sim \exp(1)$.

- l) Let $f_i(x)$ be pdf, $i=1,2$. State conditions under which $g(x)=af_1(x)+bf_2(x)$ is a pdf.

- ✓ m) Define mixture of two distribution functions.
 n) Examine Cauchy distribution for symmetry.
 o) Obtain Ex' when $X \sim \exp(\lambda)$.
 p) State Cauchy-Swartz inequality.

- Q2) a) State and prove Jordan decomposition theorem.
 b) Let X be an r.v. with d.f.

$$f(x) = 0, x < 0$$

$$= 1 - p e^{-x/0}, x \geq 0$$

Decompose the above d.f. into discrete and continuous parts. Further obtain its mean and variance.

[8 + 8]

- Q3) Define symmetric distribution, marginal distribution and conditional distribution. Let (x,y) have the joint pmf. as follows.

Y	X:1	2	3
1	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{2}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$
2	$\frac{1}{12}$	0	$\frac{1}{12}$
3	$\frac{2}{12}$	0	$\frac{4}{12}$

Show that x and y are identically distributed but not independent. Find conditional distribution of X given $Y=1$.

Find distribution of $Z = x-y$ and show that it is symmetric.

[16]

Q4) a) State Markov's inequality. Show that Chebychev's inequality is a particular case of Markov's inequality. Verify both the inequalities for $\exp(1)$

b) Let X be an r.v. with pdf,

$$f_\theta(x) = \begin{cases} \theta e^{-\theta x}, & x \geq 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Let $Y = \left[X - \frac{1}{\theta} \right]^2$. Find the pdf of Y .

[8 + 8]

Q5) Define order statistics. Write down the joint pdf of $x_{(1)}, \dots, x_{(n)}$, n order statistics from a continuous distribution.

Let $x_{(1)}, \dots, x_{(n)}$ be the order statistics of n independent r.v's x_1, \dots, x_n with common pdf $f(x)=1$ if $0 < x < 1$ and = 0 otherwise. Show that

$Y_1 = \frac{X_{(1)}}{X_{(2)}}, Y_2 = \frac{X_{(2)}}{X_{(3)}}, \dots, Y_{n-1} = \frac{X_{(n-1)}}{X_{(n)}} \text{ and } Y_n = X_{(n)}$ are independent. Find the pdf's of Y_1, Y_2, \dots, Y_n .

[16]

- Q6) a)** Define convolution of two random variables illustrate with a suitable example.
- b)** State Jensen's inequality. Give one application.
- c)** Define bivariate poisson distribution. Obtain its mgf.

[5 + 5 + 6]

CBCS D – 1200

Q7) Write short notes

- a) Bivariate Marshall - Olkin distribution
- b) Characteristic function of a r.v.
- c) Exponential spacings
- d) Dirichlet distribution

[4 × 4]





W - 447

Seat
No.:

M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, 2012
(Credit System)
STATISTICS (Paper - III)
Distribution Theory
Sub. Code : 42323

Day and Date : Monday, 29-10-2012

Total Marks : 80

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.

- Instructions:*
- 1) Question 1 is compulsory.
 - 2) Attempt any 4 questions from Q.2 to Q.7.
 - 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks to the sub-question.

1. Attempt any eight questions.

- a) Define distribution function of a random variable.
- b) Let X follows binomial distribution with parameters n and p . Find the probability mass function of $Y = aX+b$ where a and b are constants.
- c) Check whether following $f(x)$ is a p.d.f.

$$f(x) = \sin x, \quad 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ = 0, \quad \text{otherwise}$$

- d) Check whether following $F(x)$ is a distribution function. If yes, find the corresponding p.d.f.

$$F(x) = 0 \text{ for } x \leq 0, \quad = \frac{x}{2} \text{ for } 0 \leq x < 1, \quad = \frac{1}{2} \text{ for } 1 \leq x < 2, \quad = \frac{x}{4} \text{ for } 2 \leq x < 4 \\ \text{and} = 1 \text{ for } x \geq 4.$$

P.T.O.

e) Define a probability generating function and give one example.

3. a)

f) Suppose $P(X \geq x) = 1 - e^{-\lambda x}$ if $x \leq 0$ and

$= e^{-\lambda x}$ for $x > 0, \lambda > 0$

then find the pdf of the r.v. X.

b)

g) State Markov's inequality and Chebychev's inequality.

h) Let X_1, X_2 be independent binomial $X_i \sim B(n_i, \frac{1}{2})$ random variables $i = 1, 2$.

What is the p.m.f. of $X_1 - X_2 + n_2$?

i) Define moment generating function of a r.v. State one example of it for a discrete r.v.

4. a

j) A fair coin is tossed three times. Let X = number of heads in three tossings and Y = absolute difference between number of heads and number of tails. Obtain the joint p.m.f. of (X, Y) .

(2x8)

2. a) Let X and Y be independent geometric r.v.s. Show that $\min(X, Y)$ follows geometric distribution.

b) Let X be an r.v. with p.d.f.

$$= \theta e^{-\theta x}, \quad x \geq 0,$$

$$f(x) = 0 \quad \text{otherwise where } \theta > 0.$$

5.

Let $Y = \left(X - \frac{1}{\theta}\right)^2$. Find the pdf of Y .

c) Let X be an r.v. with pdf. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \quad 0 < x < 2\pi$
 $= 0 \quad \text{otherwise}$

Let $Y = \sin X$ find the distribution function and pdf of Y .

(5+6+5)

Seat
No.

M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, 2011

STATISTICS (Paper - III) (Credit System)

Distribution Theory

Total Marks : 80

Day and Date : Friday, 29-4-2011

Time : 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

*Instructions : a) Question No.1 is compulsory.**b) Attempt any 4 questions from No. 2 to 7.**c) Figures to right indicate marks to the sub question.*

1. Attempt any eight sub-questions :

a) Describe an application of lognormal distribution.

b) Obtain the lower quartile of two-parameter Cauchy distribution.

c) Obtain the mean and variance of Y where $P(Y = y) = q^y p$, $y = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ and $p+q = 1$.

d) Obtain an expression for mgf of multinomial distribution.

e) If $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim U(0, 1)$ find the distribution of $X_{(1)}$.

f) Define characteristic function. State its important properties.

g) Define distribution function of a random variable.

h) If $X_1, X_2, X_3 \sim N(0, 1)$, state the distribution of $\frac{2X_1^2}{X_2^2 + X_3^2}$ with justification.

i) Define joint and conditional pmf of a bivariate distribution.

j) Suppose the r.vs. X and Y have joint pdf

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} kx(x-y) & 0 < x < 2; -x < y < 2 \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}, \text{ evaluate k.}$$

P.T.O.



2. a) Define mixture of two distribution functions. Examine the same for being a distribution function.

b) Prove that, every non negative real function f that is integrable over \mathbb{R} and satisfies $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)dx = 1$ is the pdf of some continuous r.v. X .

c) Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & 0 < x \leq 1 \\ 2-x & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$. Sketch the graph of $f(x)$. Also obtain the d.f.

$F(x)$ of the given pdf and sketch the same.

(4+4+8)

3. a) State and prove Holder's inequality.

b) Define convolution of two distribution functions F_1 and F_2 . Obtain the same when F_1 and F_2 are standard exponential distribution functions. (8+8).

4. a) Explain and illustrate decomposition of a distribution function into discrete and continuous components.

b) If X and Y are independent Poisson r.vs. with means θ_1 and θ_2 respectively, find the conditional distribution X given $x + y$. (8+8)

5. a) Define bivariate normal distribution $BN(\mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$. Obtain conditional distribution of X given Y when (X, Y) has $BN(\mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$. Also obtain mean of the conditional distribution.

b) Define location and scale families. Illustrate with examples. (12+4)

6. a) Reduce the quadratic form

$6x_1^2 + 35x_2^2 + 11x_3^2 + 34x_2x_3$ into canonical form.

b) If $\underline{X}'A\underline{X}$ is a quadratic of rank r , then show that there exists an orthogonal transformation $\underline{X} = \underline{P}\underline{Y}$ such that $\underline{X}'A\underline{X} = \sum_{i=1}^r \lambda_i y_i^2$, where $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_r$ are characteristic roots of A . (8+8)

7. Write short notes on any four of the following :

- a) Inverse of a partitioned matrix.
- b) Particular and general solution of $A\underline{X} = \underline{b}$.
- c) Classification of quadratic forms.
- d) Homogenous system of equations.
- e) Left & right inverse of a matrix.
- f) Orthogonal matrix.

(4×4)

Seat
No.

M.Sc.(Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, 2013
STATISTICS (Paper - III) (A.F.) (Credit System)

Distribution Theory
Sub. Code : 42323

Day and Date : Tuesday , 23 - 04 - 2013

Total Marks : 80

Time : 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m.

- Instructions :**
- 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - 2) Attempt any 4 questions from No. 2 to 7.
 - 3) Figures to right indicate marks to the sub-question.

Q1) Solve any eight sub questions. [8×2]

- i) Let $X \sim U(-1,1)$. Obtain distribution function of $Y = |X|$
- ii) Examine whether $F(x) = x^2$ if $0 \leq x \leq 1$; Zero otherwise is a distribution function.
- iii) Define Probability generating function. Obtain the same for Poisson (λ) distribution.
- iv) State an example where m.g.f. is not well defined in an interval around $t = 0$
- v) Comment on the Statement : characteristic function always exists.
- vi) Let X be any continuous random variable with cumulative distribution function $F(x)$. Obtain the distribution of $Y = -\log \bar{F}(x)$ Where $\bar{F}(x) = 1 - F(x)$.
- vii) Prove or disprove : If $X \sim \text{Binomial}(n,p)$ then $2X$ has Binomial $(2n,p)$ distribution.
- viii) Define quantile of a probability distribution . Give one example.
- ix) Define bivariate Marshall - olkin distribution

P.T.O.

- Q2)* a) State and prove relation between distribution function of a continuous random variable and uniform random variable.
 b) Describe applications of above relationship in random number generation.
 c) Show that for a non-negative continuous random variable X with distribution function $F(x)$,

$$E(X) = \int_0^{\infty} (1-F(u)) du$$

[6 + 5 + 5]

- Q3)* a) Describe a procedure for decomposing a distribution function in to discrete and continuous components.
 b) Let $U \sim U(0,1)$ Define a random variable X as

$$X = \begin{cases} 0.5 & \text{if } U < 0.3 \\ 1 & \text{if } 0.3 \leq U < 0.8 \\ 1.5 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

obtain distribution of X . Obtain its mean and variance.

[6 + 10]

- Q4)* a) State and prove Tcheby cheff's inequality. Verify the same when $X \sim \exp(1)$.
 b) State and prove use of probability generating function for obtaining factorial moments.

[10 + 6]

- Q5)* a) Define convolution of two random Variables. Obtain the same when X_1 and X_2 are i i d $\exp(1)$.
 b) Define location family, scale family and location -scale family of distributions. Give one example of each.

[8 + 8]

Cr. G - 684

- Q6)** a) Define and illustrate the following terms
i) moment generating function
ii) symmetric distribution.
iii) marginal and conditional distributions
iv) order statistics.
- b) Obtain the joint distribution of $(i,j)^{\text{th}}$ order statistics for $U(0,1)$ distribution. [12 + 4]

- Q7)** Write short notes on any four [4 × 4]
a) multinomial distribution
b) Jacobian of transformation.
c) Jensen inequality
d) Exponential spacings
e) Bivariate exponential distribution.
f) Joint distributions with given marginals



Seat
No.

M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, 2011

STATISTICS (Paper - III) (Credit System)

Distribution Theory

Total Marks : 80

Day and Date : Friday, 29-4-2011

Time : 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

*Instructions : a) Question No.1 is compulsory.**b) Attempt any 4 questions from No. 2 to 7.**c) Figures to right indicate marks to the sub question.*

1. Attempt any eight sub-questions :

a) Describe an application of lognormal distribution.

b) Obtain the lower quartile of two-parameter Cauchy distribution.

c) Obtain the mean and variance of Y where $P(Y = y) = q^y p$, $y = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ and $p+q = 1$.

d) Obtain an expression for mgf of multinomial distribution.

e) If $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim U(0, 1)$ find the distribution of $X_{(1)}$.

f) Define characteristic function. State its important properties.

g) Define distribution function of a random variable.

h) If $X_1, X_2, X_3 \sim N(0, 1)$, state the distribution of $\frac{2X_1^2}{X_2^2 + X_3^2}$ with justification.

i) Define joint and conditional pmf of a bivariate distribution.

j) Suppose the r.vs. X and Y have joint pdf

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} kx(x-y) & 0 < x < 2; -x < y < 2 \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}, \text{ evaluate k.}$$

P.T.O.



2. a) Define mixture of two distribution functions. Examine the same for being a distribution function.

b) Prove that, every non negative real function f that is integrable over \mathbb{R} and satisfies $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)dx = 1$ is the pdf of some continuous r.v. X .

c) Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & 0 < x \leq 1 \\ 2-x & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$. Sketch the graph of $f(x)$. Also obtain the d.f.

$F(x)$ of the given pdf and sketch the same.

(4+4+8)

3. a) State and prove Holder's inequality.

b) Define convolution of two distribution functions F_1 and F_2 . Obtain the same when F_1 and F_2 are standard exponential distribution functions. (8+8).

4. a) Explain and illustrate decomposition of a distribution function into discrete and continuous components.

b) If X and Y are independent Poisson r.vs. with means θ_1 and θ_2 respectively, find the conditional distribution X given $x + y$. (8+8)

5. a) Define bivariate normal distribution $BN(\mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$. Obtain conditional distribution of X given Y when (X, Y) has $BN(\mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$. Also obtain mean of the conditional distribution.

b) Define location and scale families. Illustrate with examples. (12+4)

6. a) Reduce the quadratic form

$6x_1^2 + 35x_2^2 + 11x_3^2 + 34x_2x_3$ into canonical form.

b) If $\underline{X}'A\underline{X}$ is a quadratic of rank r , then show that there exists an orthogonal transformation $\underline{X} = \underline{P}\underline{Y}$ such that $\underline{X}'A\underline{X} = \sum_{i=1}^r \lambda_i y_i^2$, where $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_r$ are characteristic roots of A . (8+8)

7. Write short notes on any four of the following :

- a) Inverse of a partitioned matrix.
- b) Particular and general solution of $A\underline{X} = \underline{b}$.
- c) Classification of quadratic forms.
- d) Homogenous system of equations.
- e) Left & right inverse of a matrix.
- f) Orthogonal matrix.

(4×4)

EXAM NUMBER

Seat
No.

M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, 2011
 (Credit System)

STATISTICS (Paper - III)

(Distribution Theory)

Sub. Code : 42323

Total Marks : 80

Day and Date : Monday, 17-10-2011

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.

- Instructions :*
- 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - 2) Attempt any 4 questions from No. 2 to 7.
 - 3) Figures to the right indicate marks of the sub questions.

1. Solve any eight sub-questions:

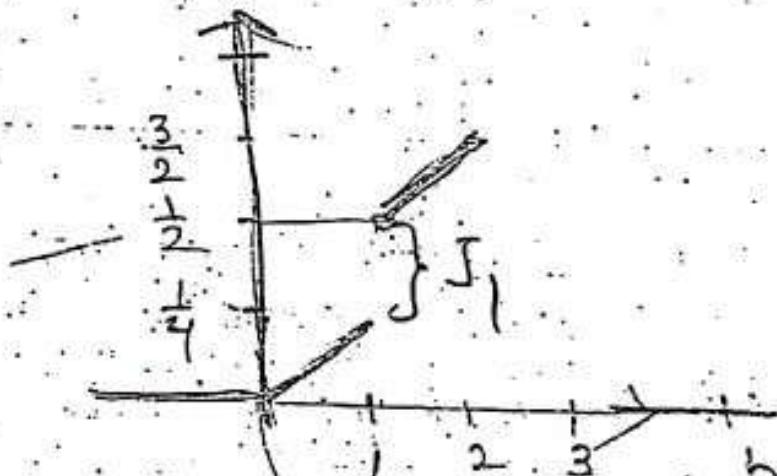
- 1) Let $X \sim \exp(\lambda)$, $\lambda > 0$. Obtain the distribution function of $Y = \frac{1}{X}$.
- 2) Let $X \sim \text{Bernoulli}(P)$, $0 < P < 1$. Let Y_1 and Y_2 are independent standard exponential random variables.
 Let $Z = Y_1$ if $X = 0$
 $= Y_2$ if $X = 1$
 Obtain Ez .
- 3) Define convolution of two distribution functions.
- 4) Define moment generating function (mgf). Give an example where mgf does not exist.
- 5) State Markov inequality.
- 6) Let (X, Y) have joint p.m.f. given by $P(x, y) = \frac{1}{2e} \frac{e^{-1} + 2^{-(x+y)}}{x!y!}$, $x, y = 0, 1, \dots$
 Obtain marginal p.m.f. of X and of Y .

P.T.O.

- 7) State sufficient conditions under which (X, Y) are independently distributed.
- 8) Define order statistic. Obtain the distribution of first order statistic from a random sample from $U(0, 1)$ distribution.
- 9) Let f be a density function. Examine whether $\alpha f(\alpha x), \alpha > 0$ is a density function.
- 10) Define a symmetric distribution. Give one example of the same. (2x8)
2. a) Define a distribution function. Let F_1 and F_2 be two distribution functions. Examine whether the following functions are distribution functions.
- $F(x) = \alpha F_1(x) + (1-\alpha) F_2(x) \quad 0 \leq \alpha \leq 1, x \in \mathbb{R}$
 - $F(x) = F_1(x) F_2(x) \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$
 - $F(x) = 1 - F(-x) \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$
- b) Let $F(x)$ be the distribution function of a continuous random variable X . Obtain the distribution of $H(X) = -\log(1-F(x))$. (4x3+4)

3. a) Decompose the following distribution function into discrete and continuous components.

$$F(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} F_n(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ \frac{x}{4} & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ \frac{x-1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} & 1 \leq x < 2 \\ \frac{x-1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} & 2 \leq x < 3 \\ 1 & x \geq 3 \end{cases}$$



- b) State and prove Jensen's inequality. (8+8)

4. a) Define conditional expectation. Let (X, Y) denote a two dimensional random vector with density function

$$f(x, y) = \frac{1}{y} e^{-y} \quad 0 < x < y < \infty$$

Find $E(X^r | Y=y)$ where $r > 0$, an integer.

- b) State and prove two important properties of order statistics from an exponential distribution. (8+8)

5. a) Let (X, Y) have the joint pdf given by $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{x^3 y^2}$, $x > 1, y > \frac{1}{x}$.

Find the density functions of the marginal distributions of X and Y . Also find $\text{CoV}(X, Y)$.

- b) Obtain convolution of two independent $\exp(\theta)$ random variables. (10+6)

6. a) State Chebychev's inequality and Cauchy Schwartz inequality. Discuss one application of each inequality.

- b) Let $X \sim \exp(\theta)$ and $Y = [X]$ where $[a]$ denotes largest integer less than X . Obtain distribution of Y . State an important application of this result. (8+8)

7. Write short notes on any four:

- a) Bivariate distribution function
- b) Transformation of bivariate random variables
- c) Probability generating function
- d) Bivariate Poisson distribution
- e) Dirichlit distribution
- f) Marshall-Olkin distribution.

(4×4)

Seat No.	01957
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M.Sc. (Part - I) (Semester - I) Examination, November - 2014

APPLIED STATISTICS AND INFORMATION (Paper - III)

Probability Distributions (CBCS)

Sub. Code : 61057

Day and Date : Friday, 14 - 11 - 2014

Total Marks : 80

Time : 10.30 a.m to 1.30 p.m.

- Instructions : 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 2) Attempt any four questions from Question No. 2 to 7.
 3) Figures to the right indicate marks to the questions.

Q1) Solve the following sub - questions : [16 × 1 = 16]

- a) Let $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$. Obtain the distribution of c^X .
- b) Let X be a r.v. whose distribution is symmetric about zero. Then obtain $E(x)$.
- c) Let $X_i, i = 1, \dots, n$ be iid weibull $(1, \theta)$. State pdf of $x_{(1)} = \min\{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$
- d) State minkowski inequality.
- e) State one application of minkowasky inequality.
- f) Let x_1, \dots, x_n be iid multinomial (n, p_1, \dots, p_k) obtain $\text{Cov}(x_i, x_j) i \neq j$.
- g) Let $x \sim f(x) = \begin{cases} 2(1-x) & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ obtain mgf of x . = 20 / 2
- h) Define bivariate poisson distribution.
- i) Obtain first order raw moments of poisson distribution.
- j) If x_1, x_2 are independent NB (r_1, θ) and NB (r_2, θ) respectively, state the distribution of $x_1 + x_2$.
- k) State characterizing properties of a distribution function.

- 1) Let $f(x)$ be a distribution function. State with reasons whether $[F(x)]^\alpha$, $\alpha < 0$ is also a distribution function.
- m) Give one example of a skew distribution.
- n) Define mixture of two distributions.
- o) Define joint moment generating function.
- p) State conditions under which two random variables X and Y are independently distributed.

Q2) a) Let U be a uniform r.v. over $(0, 1)$. define a random variable X as. [8]

$$X = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{is } U < .4 \\ 2 & \text{if } .4 \leq U < .9 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

obtain distribution of X . Also obtain its mean and variance.

b) If X_1, X_2 are independent discrete uniform random variables over $\{0, 1, 2, 3\}$. Find the pmf of $Y = X_1 + X_2$. Also find $E(Y)$ and $V(Y)$. [8]

Q3) a) State and prove the relation between a uniform random variables and the distribution function of a continuous random variable. Using this result state a procedure for simulating a random sample from [8]

- i) Exponential
- ii) Weibull distribution

b) Let $X \sim \exp(\lambda)$ distribution and $Y = [X]$ i.e. greatest integer less than or equal to X . Obtain distribution of Y . [8]

Q4) a) Define order statistics. Obtain distribution of sample range when a sample of size n from $U(0, \theta)$ is available. [8]

b) State and prove Jensen's inequality. [8]

- Q5) a) Define bivariate normal distribution $BN(\mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$ and obtain conditional distribution of X given $Y = y$, when (X, Y) have joint $BN(\mu_1, \mu_2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \rho)$ distribution. Examine under what conditions X and Y are independently distributed. [8]
- b) Let X and Y be independent $N(0, 1)$ random variables. Define [8]

$$Z = \begin{cases} X & \text{if } XY > 0 \\ -X & \text{if } XY \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

obtain distribution of Z-Examine whether (Z, Y) have a bivariate normal distribution. If yes, obtain the parameters.

- Q6) a) Define the following terms and
- i) Symmetric distribution
 - ii) Probability generating function
 - iii) Convolution of random variables.
- b) Give one example each for the terms in (a) above.
- c) Outline a procedure for decomposing a given cdf F as a mixture of a discrete and a continuous distribution functions.

[4 + 6 + 6 = 16]

- Q7) Write short notes on the following. [4 × 4 = 16]
- a) Jacobian of transformation.
 - b) Location and scale family.
 - c) Dirichlet distribution.
 - d) Order statistics from exponential distribution.

